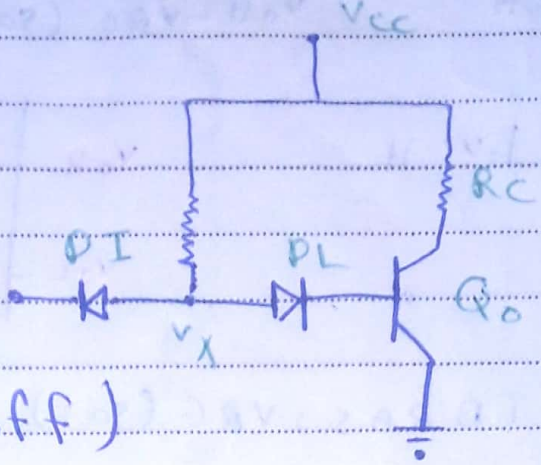
D T L

Diode Transistor logic

* Inverter



الأن يا أما DI شغال وبالتالي DL طافي والعكس صحيح

$D_I(on) \Rightarrow D_L, Q_o(off)$

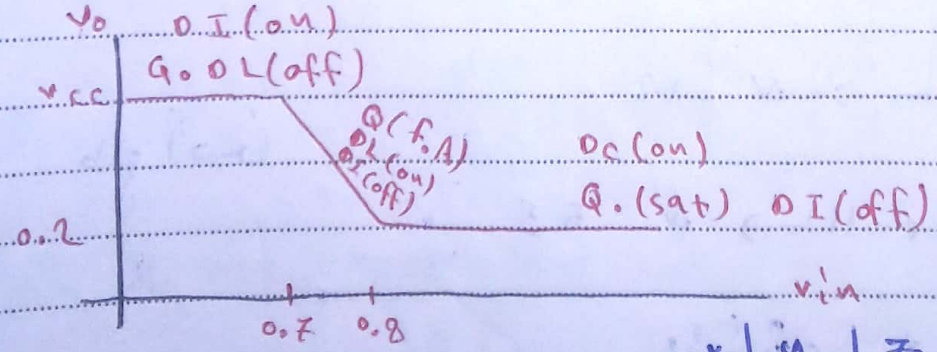
$D_I(off) \Rightarrow D_I(on), Q_o(sat)$

نجد قيمة V_x

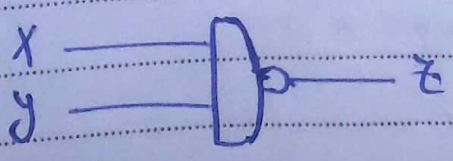
$V_x = V'_{in} + V_{D_I(on)} = V_{o((on)} + V_{BE(f.A)}$ هما طرفي قناة

$V'_{in} = V_{BE}(fA)$

$D_I(on) \Rightarrow V'_{inL} < 0.7 (V_{RC}(f.A))$



Nand gate



X	Y	Z
L	L	H
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	L

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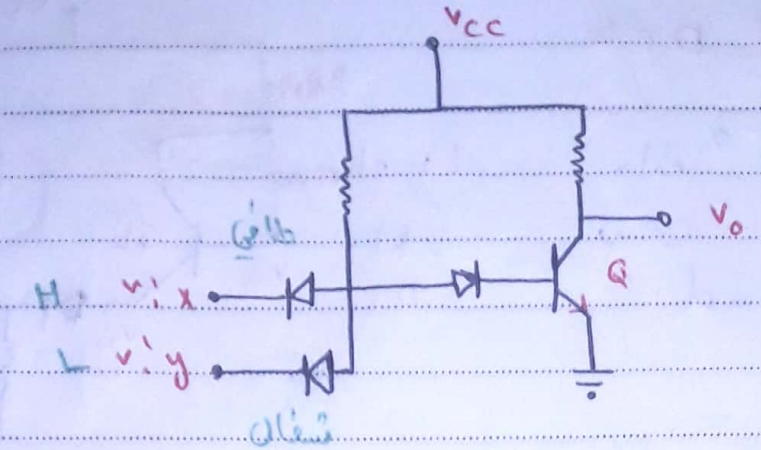
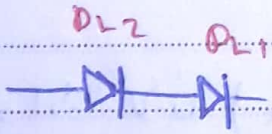


يعني إذا طافي وطافي يعطي $V_{cc} = V_o$

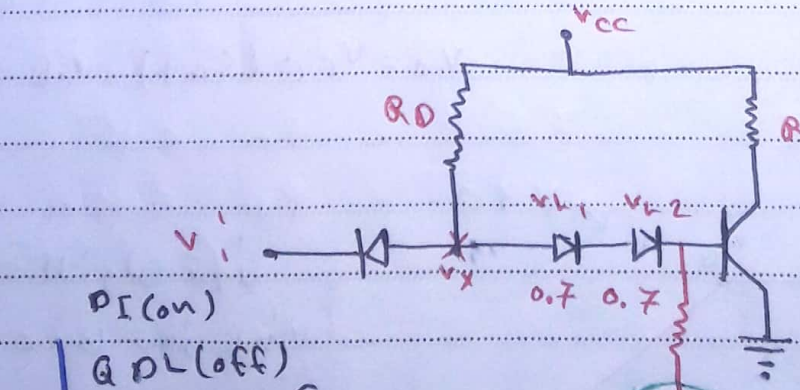
* للحصول على دارة الـ AND نضيف Inverter على V_o

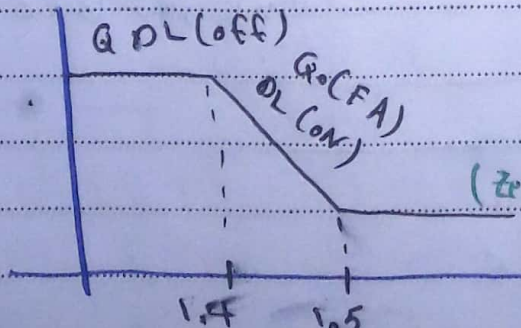
* الحصول على شغت في V_{in} نقوم بإضافة ديود / للتعديل في النويز

0.8 & 0.7 بدل من { 1.5 (v_{iH}) , 1.4 (v_{iL}) }



وذلك من خلال إضافة ديود بجانب





* نقوم بإضافة تغريغ الشحنة عليه يمكن إستخدام (zero) ولا كن عند وجود معدل دقة يكون التغريغ أسرع.

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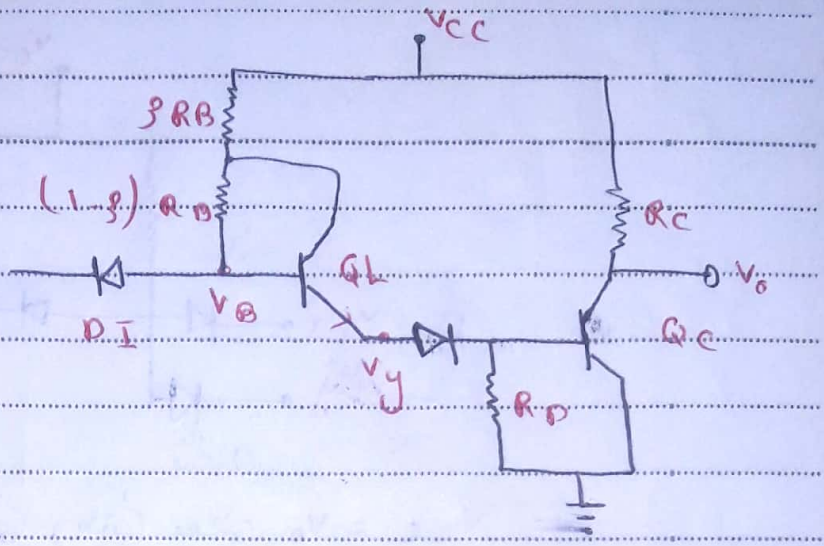
modified DTL

$V_x > V_B$ دائما

تسمى

Super Load

$V_y = V_x$



وضعنا T بدل B.J وذلك لرفع سرعة التيار وبالتالي رفع الفاعلية أو سرعة

① D_{I_1} (ON) عندما تكون

Q_L (off) $V_{in} = L$

D_L (off)

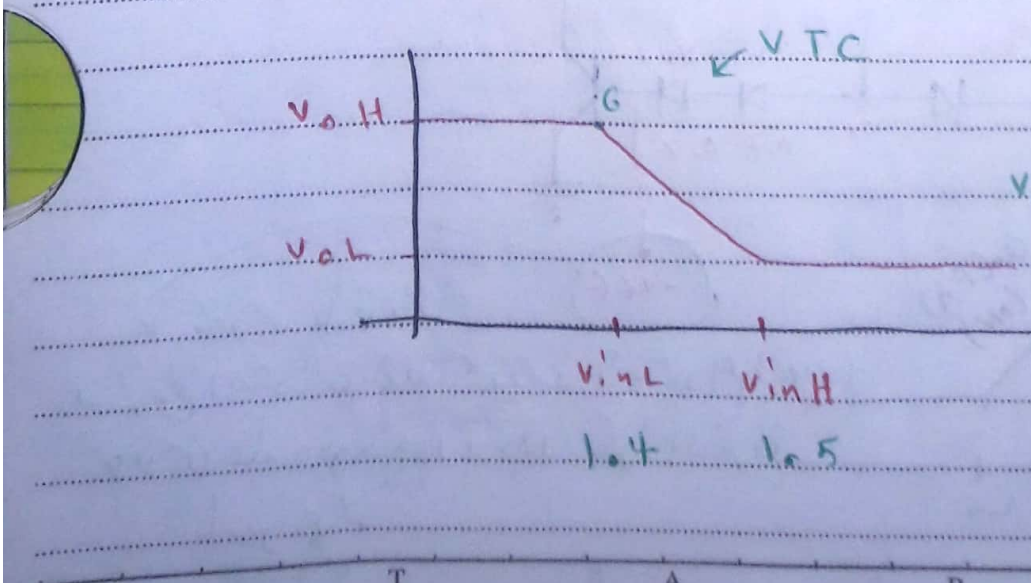
Q_C (off) $V_o = V_{oH} = V_{CC}$

② D_{I_1} (off)

Q_L (F.A) ⟶ $(V_B < V_x)$ لأن دائما يبقى F.A

D_L (ON)

Q_C (Sat) $V_o = V_{CE}(Sat) - V_{oL} = 0.2$



الحالة الأولى تكون

مثال عندما تكون V_{inL}

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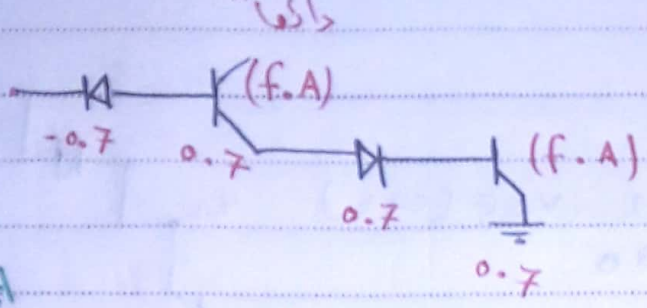
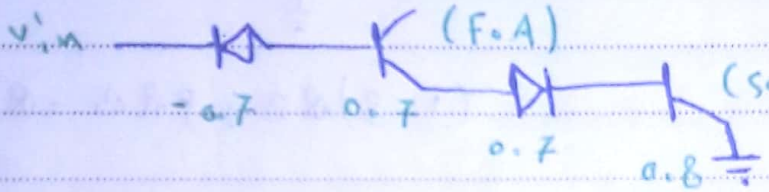
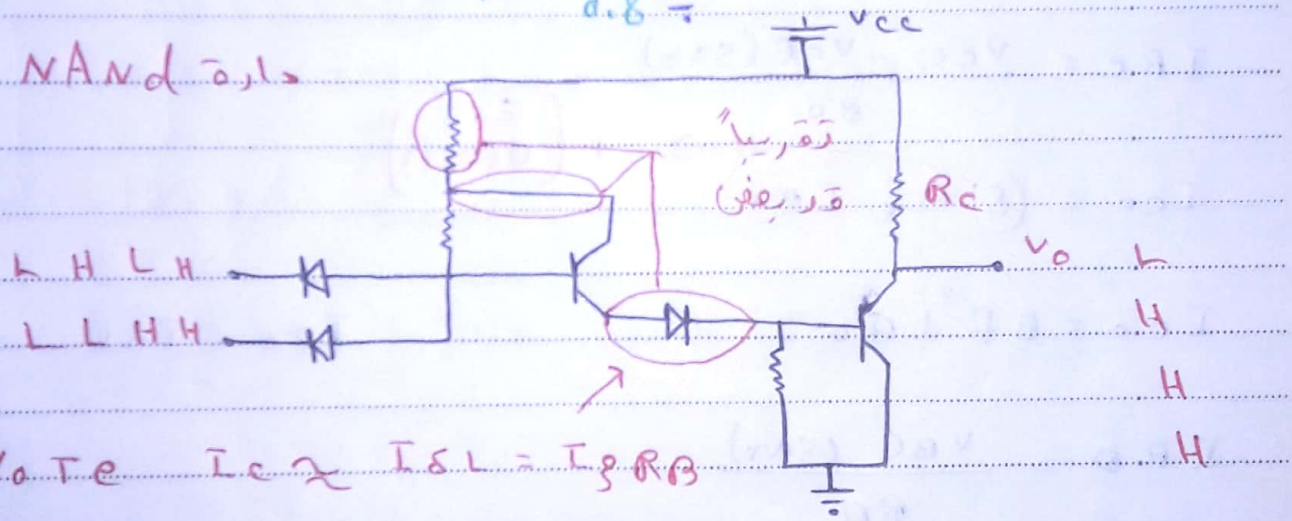


min = 1.4



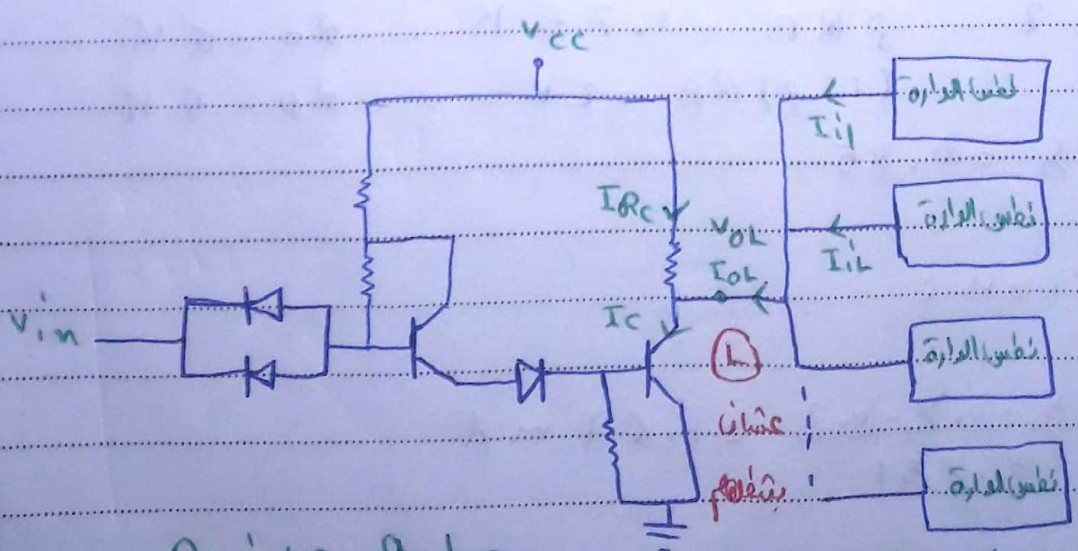
= 1.5 V



Note $I_c \approx I_{SL} = I_\beta R_B$

Inverter ⟶ NAND

Non inverter ⟶ AND



Drive gate

load

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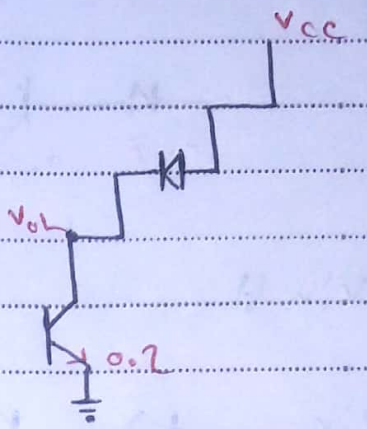
$$N = \frac{I_{OL}}{I'_{IL}}$$

$$I'_{IL} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{OI} - V_{CE(sat)}}{R_B}$$



② KCL

$$I_{Oi} = I_{CO} - I_{RC} \qquad (1-\beta)R_B + \beta R_B = R_B$$

$$I_{RC} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{CE(sat)}}{R_C}$$

$$I_{CO} = \beta_f I_{BO} \rightarrow = + \left(\frac{\epsilon_{OS}}{\alpha_{(sat)}}\right)$$

$$I_{CO} = \beta_f I_{BO} \qquad I_{BO} = I_{EL} - I_{RD}$$

$$I_{RD} = \frac{V_{BE(sat)}}{R_D}$$

$$I_{EL} = I_{CL} = I_\beta R_B = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{BEL}(t.A) - V_{OL(ON)} - V_{BE_0(sat)}}{\beta R_B}$$

ex 6.2 $\beta R_B = 1.75\ K$ $R_C = 6\ K$

$(1-\beta)R_B = 2\ K$ $R_D = 5\ K$

② $\beta = 0.85$

Solution:

$$I_{IL} = \frac{5 - 0.7 - 0.2}{3.751} = 1.69\ mA$$

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Subject:..... / /

$$I_{RC} = \frac{5 - 0.2}{6\,k} = 800\,\mu A$$

$$I_{RD} = \frac{0.8}{5\,k} = 160\,\mu A$$

$$I_{EL} = \frac{5 - 0.7 - 0.7 - 0.8}{1.75\,k} = 1.6\,mA$$

$$I_{BO} = 1.6\,m - 16\,\mu A = 1.44\,mA$$

$$I_{CO} = 0.85 \times 49 \times 1.44\,m = 60\,mA$$

$$I_{OL} = 60\,mA - 800\,\mu A = 59.2\,mA$$

$$N = \frac{59.2\,m}{1.09\,m} = 54.3 \simeq 54$$

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